WJEC (Eduqas) Biology GCSE Topic 1.2 Growth and Development of Cells Questions by Topic

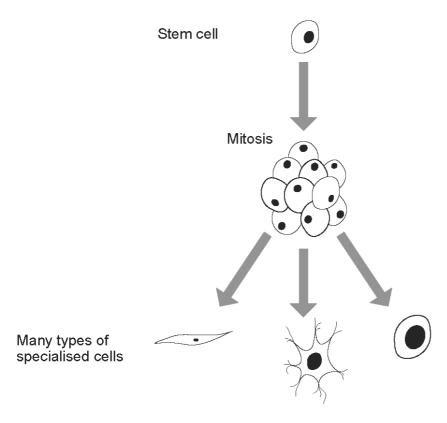
1.	(a)	(i)	Which part of a living cell contains chromosomes?	[1]

(ii) Complete the table below about cell division in human cells by writing on the dotted lines. [4]

Type of division	MITOSIS	MEIOSIS	
Number of chromosomes in cells	Original cell 46	Original cell 46	
Function of division		formation of sex cells	
Genes in new cells	identical		

(iii)	What is the scientific term used for sex cells such as sperm and eggs?	[1]

(b) Stem cells divide by mitosis and new specialised cells develop.

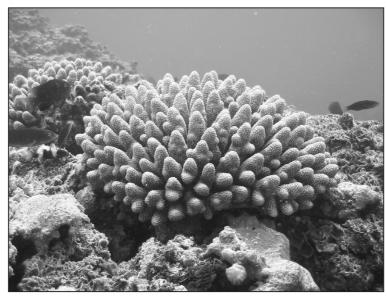


(i)	Suggest one way doctors can use stem cells to treat patients.	[1]
(ii)	Stem cells from embryos can be used in medical research. Explain why speople object to this.	ome [2]

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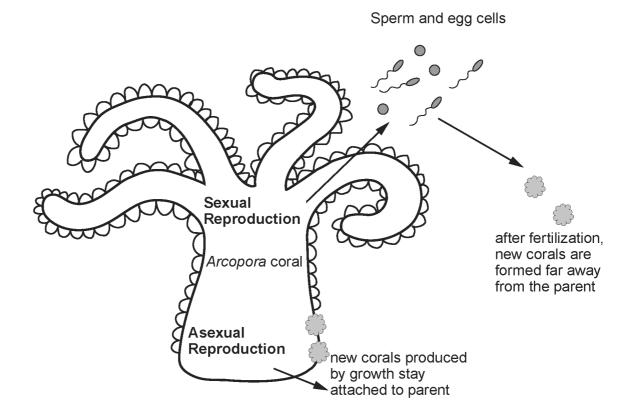
2. This question is about simple sea animals called corals.

Arcopora is a bushy coral which can grow into large colonies forming huge coral reefs.



Arcopora coral

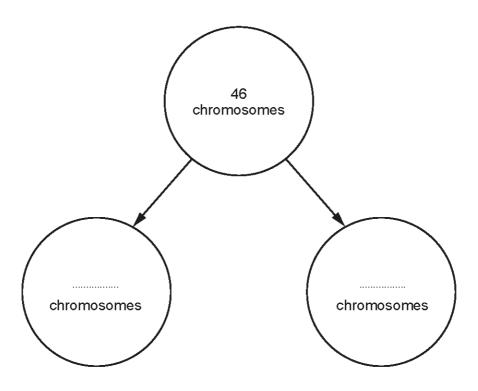
Arcopora can reproduce by sexual and asexual reproduction as shown in the diagram below.



USE I		officiation and your own knowledge to answer the following questions.					
(a)	During asexual reproduction, cells of Arcopora divide by mitosis.						
		e two ways in which the new cells produced by mitosis are identical to those of the ner cell.					
	1.						
	2.						
(b)	(i)	State the scientific term for the sex cells (sperm and egg cells) produced during sexual reproduction. [1]					
	(ii)	Name the type of cell division which produces these sex cells and state how their chromosome number is different from the mother cell. [2]					
(c)	(i)	Suggest a reason why large coral reefs of <i>Arcopora</i> result from asexual reproduction. [1]					
	(ii)	Corals such as <i>Arcopora</i> increase in diameter by 8.5cm each year. If a coral had a diameter of 15cm in 2002, calculate the expected diameter in 2016, giving your answer in metres . [2]					
		Diameter = m					

3.	Describe and explain the differences between mitosis and meiosis.	[6 QWC]
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4. The diagram below shows a human cell dividing by mitosis to form two new cells.



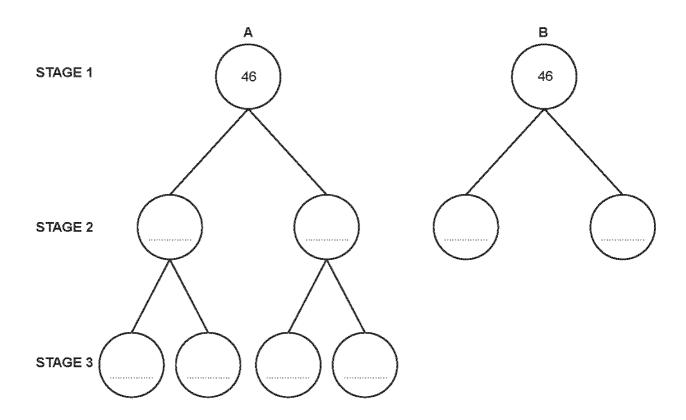
- (a) (i) Complete the diagram above by writing the number of chromosomes in each of the two new cells. [1]
 - (ii) Mitosis enables organisms to grow. State one other function of mitosis. [1]
- (b) (i) Complete the table which compares mitosis with meiosis. [2]

	mitosis	meiosis
number of new cells from each division	two	
genes in new cells compared to original cell		different

(ii)	What is the scientific term for the sex cells (eggs and sperm) which are product by meiosis?	ed [1]

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5. The diagram below shows the two different types of cell division A and B, which occur in the human body.



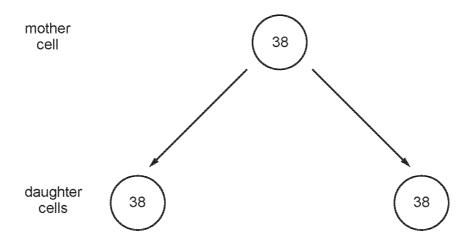
- (a) Name the type of cell division shown in diagram A. [1]
- (b) The cells in STAGE 1 each contain 46 chromosomes. Complete the diagram by writing in the number of chromosomes found in *each* of the cells in STAGE 2 and STAGE 3. [2]
- (c) The cells drawn in **STAGE 3** develop into specialised cells. What name is given to these cells?
- (d) Complete the sentence below by placing a circle around the correct word. [1]
- (e) Name one process during which the type of cell division shown in diagram B would occur.

All the cells in STAGE 3 are genetically identical / different.

[1]

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6. The diagram below shows cell division of a cell from a cat. The number of chromosomes is shown.



(a) What name is given to the type of cell division shown in the diagram? Give a reason for your answer.

Type of cell division

[2]

[1]

Reason

- (b) The table shows the numbers of chromosomes in the cells of pigeons and humans before and after dividing by meiosis.
 - (i) Complete the table.

number of chromosomes

cell before meiosis sex cells (sperm and egg cells) after meiosis

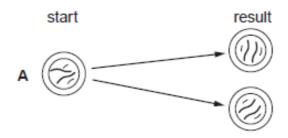
human 46

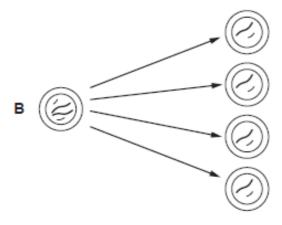
pigeon 40

(ii) State how many sex cells would be produced from one cell by meiosis and give the scientific term for these sex cells. [2]

Mitosis and meiosis are two types of cell division.

Diagrams A and B show the start and result of both types of cell division in a cell with four chromosomes.





Use the diagrams and your own knowledge to describe the two types of cell division.

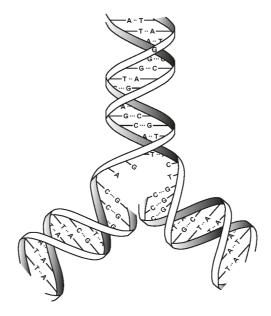
You should:

•	state which	diagram	shows	mitosis	and w	hich	shows	meiosis

•	describe what you can see at the start and the result for each type of cell di	ivision
•	give one function for each type of cell division	[6 OFR]

give one function for ea	acti type of cell division	[0 QLIV]

8. The diagram shows part of a molecule of DNA during the process of cell division.



- (c) During cell division the DNA molecule splits as shown.
 - (i) In one type of cell division, the DNA is copied. The copied DNA molecules then separate and two genetically identical cells are formed. [1]

Name this type of cell division

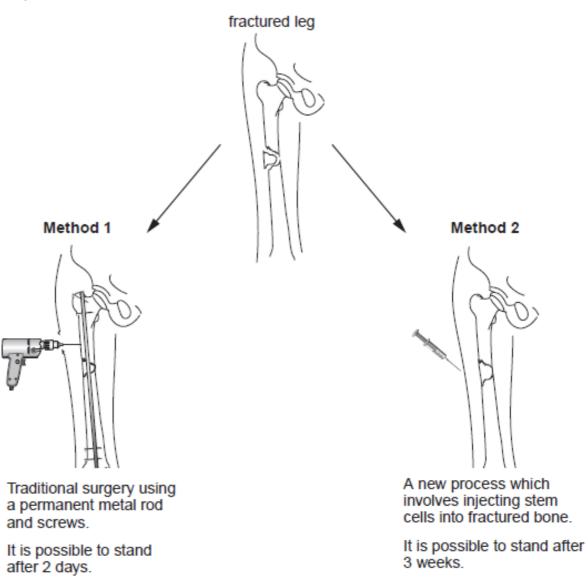
(ii) During a different type of cell division, the DNA is copied but the copies break and re-join during the formation of genetically different cells. [1]

Name this type of cell division

The photograph below shows a young ice skater, Tracey, who falls and fractures her leg.



The diagram below shows two ways in which Tracey's fractured leg could be treated in a large modern hospital.



Expected results of treatment

Time after treatment	Percentage of bone healing (%)			
(weeks)	Traditional surgery	Injection of stem cells		
10	10	12		
20	14	25		
30	19	38		
40	28	55		
50	41	70		
60	59	82		

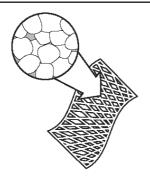
(a)		one reason why Tracey might on natively, she might prefer to be tre		ne reason why, [2]
(b)	(i)	(i) When fractured bones heal, cells divide and multiply by mitosis. Complete the table below.		
		Mitosis in h		
		chromosomes in mother cell	46	
		number of daughter cells produced after one division		
		number of chromosomes in		

(ii) Following mitosis, what must happen to stem cells, in order for them to repair the fractured bone? [1]

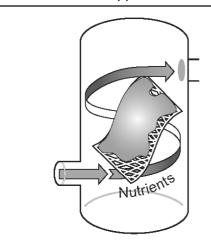
daughter cells

	(iii) State the name of the disease that can occur if cell division by mitosis is uncontrolled [1
(c)	Stem cells can be obtained from both adults and embryos.
	Give one reason why some people have a strong personal objection to the use of embryonic stem cells in medical research.

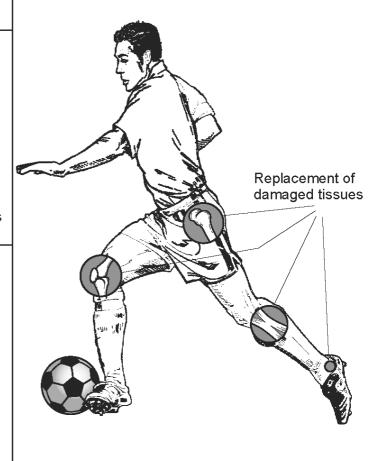
STAGES



 A cluster of embryonic human cells is laid on a support mesh.



- 2. Mesh placed in incubator.
- 3. Cells form new tissue.
- 4. New tissue can be implanted in the body to repair damage.

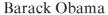


(a) What general name is given to cells such as the embryonic human cells shown in Stage 1 of the diagram? [1]

function of cell division	part of cell where control of cell division occurs		number of chromosomes in each cell	
ncreases the number f cells	cytoplasm		twice as many as in the cells in Stage 1	
ncreases the size f each cell	nucleus		same number as in the cells in Stage 1	
eeps the number f cells the same	cell membrane		half as many as in the cells in Stage 1	
(c) Suggest a possible e	ethical issue related to	the technolo	gy shown in the diagram. [1]	

11. Barack Obama, the President of the United States of America, supports research into the use of embryonic stem cells. However Newt Gingrich, who was hoping to become President, said in February 2012, that he would 'ban embryonic stem cell research if he became President'.



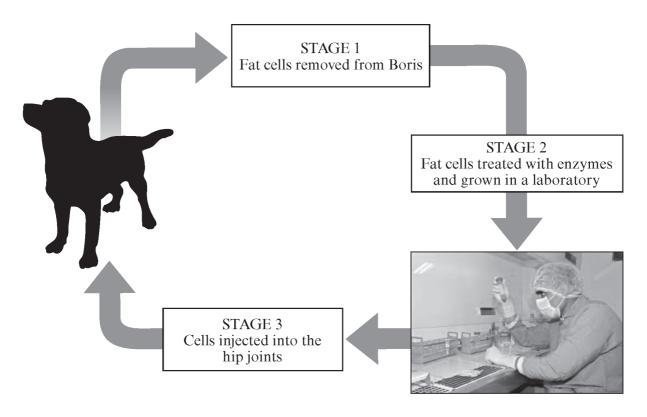




Newt Gingrich

(a)	Suggest	why some peop	le support emb	oryonic stem	cell research,	whereas other	rs do not. [2]
							••••••
							•••••
•••••							•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

(b) In December 2010, a dog named Boris was treated for severe arthritis of the hip joints in a veterinary clinic in West Michigan, USA. Some of the stages in the treatment are shown below.



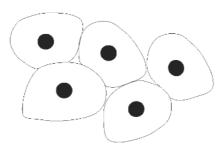
Three months after treatment Boris was examined at the veterinary centre. His hips were found to have greatly improved and X-rays of the hip joints showed evidence of repair of the joint tissues.

(i)	State what type of cells are injected in STAGE 3 in the diagram above.	[1]	
(ii)	State one advantage of this method of treatment over the use of embryonic steells.	em [1]	
•••••			
•••••			

4

12.

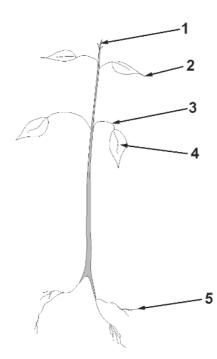
(a) The drawing below shows human embryonic stem cells.



What features of stem cells could make them useful in treating many different medical conditions? [2]

(b) A laboratory in Japan has recently developed stem cells from human adult skin cells. Suggest why using human adult stem cells might be preferred to using human embryonic stem cells. [1]

(c) Plants also have stem cells.



Which **two** numbered parts (**1** to **5**) of the plant shown above contain stem cells? [1]